

The Growing Gap – Are you cyber prepared?

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Cyber threats are emerging as a top priority for government entities worldwide

The number of government transactions going digital is expected to increase from **10%** in 2011 to about **33%** in 2020.

The **low cost of deployment** - executing a breach with a **US\$20 piece of malware** - could cause large losses for organizations. **92% increase** in new downloader variant in 2017.

Rising sophistication is making existing technology obsolete. **46% increase** in new ransomware variants.

The number of **smart cities** is expected to quadruple globally from **21** in 2013 to **88** in 2025.

The use of **cloud services** among government agencies is on the rise (NSA and DoJ moved their IT infrastructure to cloud; Many US State Governments embracing cloud-first policy).

US\$2.1 trillion

The cost of cybercrime to the global economy by 2019.

55 million

Voters records were hacked from the Philippines election commission database in 2016. 700k voter records were hacked from State of IL.

US\$222 million

is the cost of NASA's drone that was hacked and the hackers tried to crash it into pacific ocean in 2016.

6,500

was the number of times various Ukraine government institutions were targeted by hackers during the last two months of 2016.

50 million

personal data records of Turkish citizens (two-thirds of the total population) were stolen in 2016.

Sources: Firstpost; The Washington Post; BBC; Symantec; BW Smart Cities; publictechnology.net; Reuters.

Significant challenges remain for governments on the regulatory and institutional aspects of cybersecurity

Issues

Indicators

Lack of awareness and strong regulatory policies

34%

of nations out of 193 countries have their national cybersecurity strategy in place.

50%

Share of government versus private in applying patches to security flaws in software developed by Veracode.

Insufficient funds for cybersecurity services

9% reduction

in funding for the US cyber command in FY16 that was US\$463 million, compared with US\$509 million in FY15

< 2%

share of the information security spend as a percentage of total IT budget of US states.

Lack of human resources personnel with relevant skills

1.5 million

shortage of cybersecurity professionals predicted to be across the globe by 2020.

5% versus 10%

share for cybersecurity in total IT budget of US state and local government agencies versus commercial.

Sources: Infosecurity; White House website; govtech.com; Business Insider; PwC; CBRonline.com.

As governments increasingly face innovative threats, they must take a proactive stance on cybersecurity

Issues

Increasing complexity of cyber threats

Rise of the Internet of Things (IoT) will open up new avenues of cyber attacks

Lack of holistic approach to tackle threat and difficult to defend targeted threats with common solutions

Indicators

5.4B

WannaCry attacks blocked. 46% increase in new ransomware variants in 2017.

US\$81 million

was stolen from the Bangladesh Central Bank account maintained with US FED, through suspicious SWIFT* instructions in 2016.

70%

of the most commonly used IoT devices contain vulnerabilities.

25%

of the total identified cyber attacks in enterprises will involve IoT by 2020.

3.5 million

teachers and other employees of a US public agency were accidentally published on the Internet.

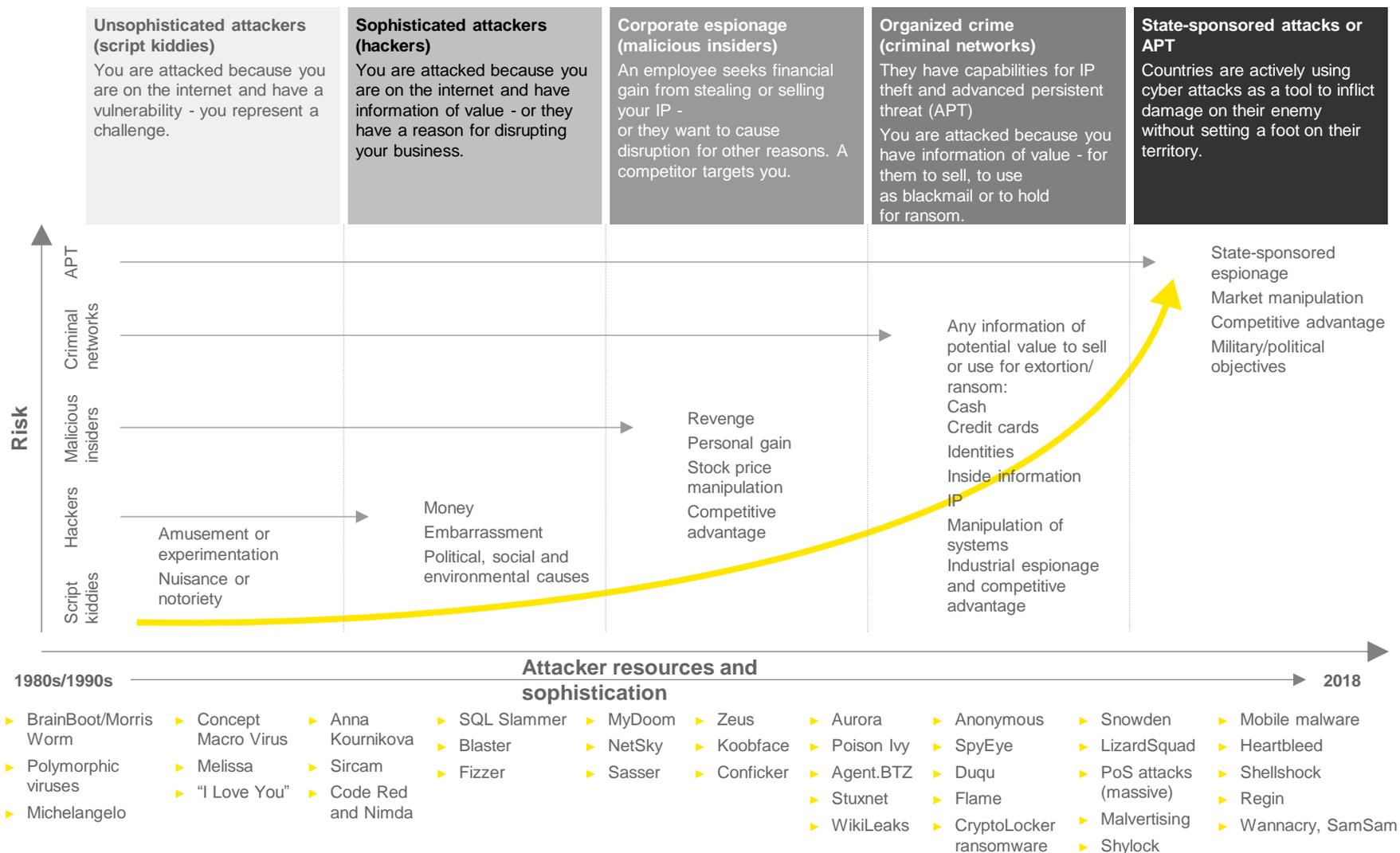
The US

has alleged that Russia interfered in their presidential election process by hacking US political sites and email accounts.

Sources: Govtech.com; Forbes; Reuters; CNN; Sonicwall.

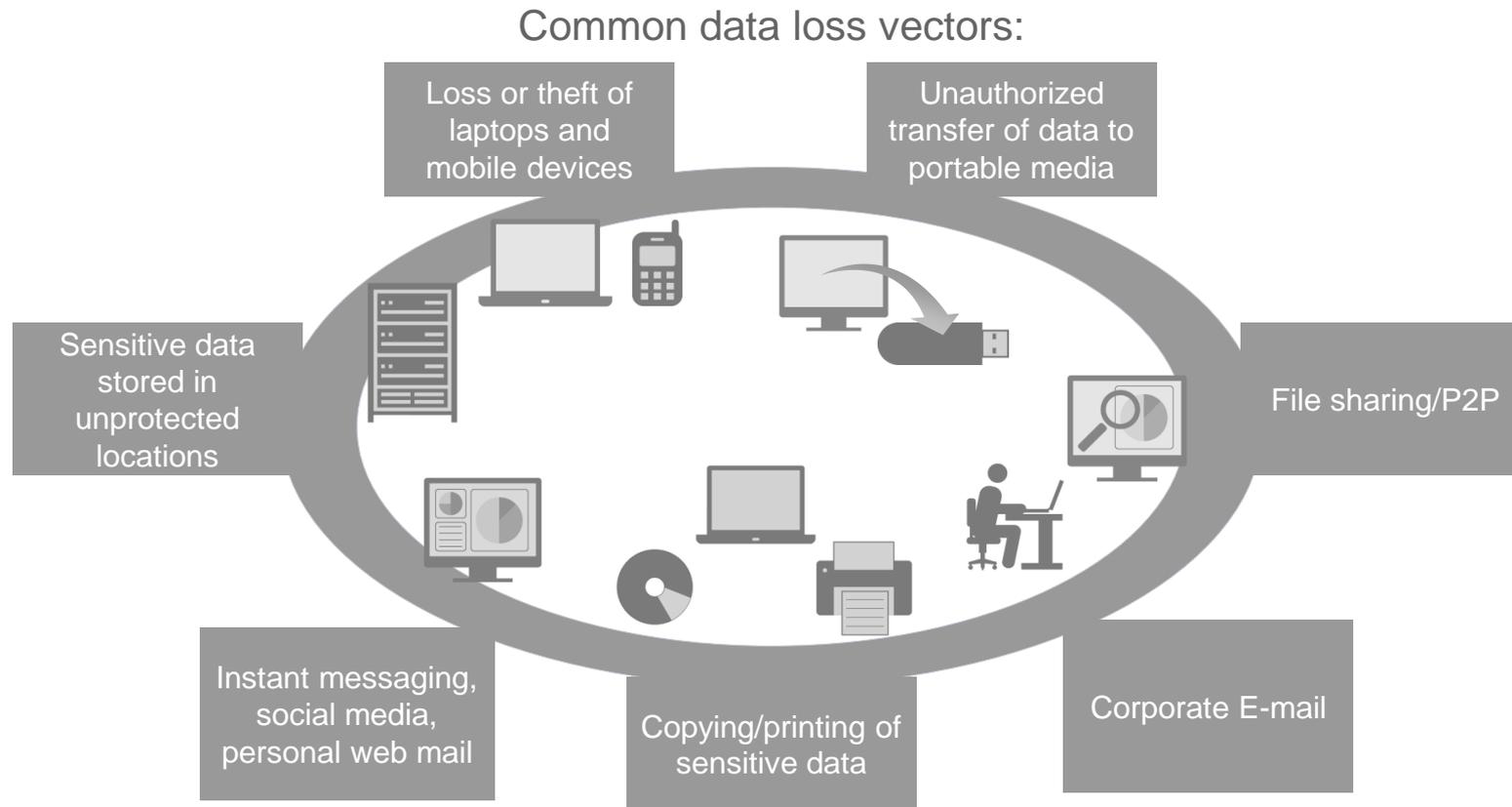
* SWIFT: Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication

Cybersecurity threats and attackers continue to evolve, transforming the risk for public sector agencies



Source: EY internal decks.

How Data can be lost without knowing about it?



A very complex problem

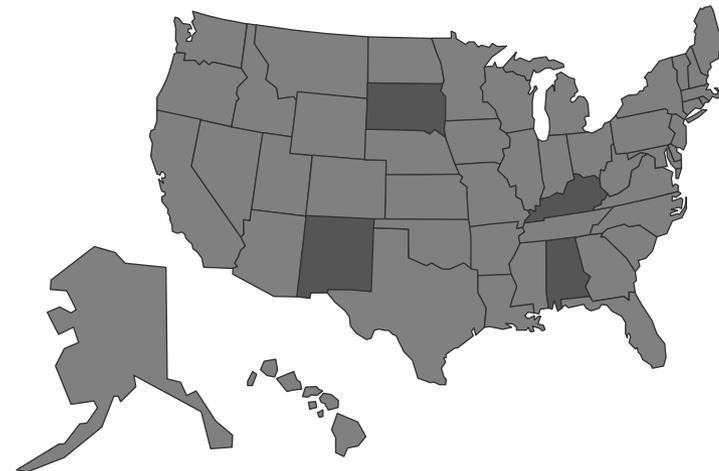
Program challenges:

- ▶ Difficulty in identifying all relevant data loss channels within the organization
- ▶ Complexity of information flows within the extended enterprise
- ▶ User capabilities to access, copy and send sensitive data outside of the company, including across borders
- ▶ Growing number and complexity of regulatory requirements to protect sensitive information, particularly for companies operating in many different states and internationally
- ▶ Lack of forensic / incident response capabilities to effectively respond to data loss and data breaches
- ▶ Encryption tools allow malicious users to hide their activity from most DLP technology

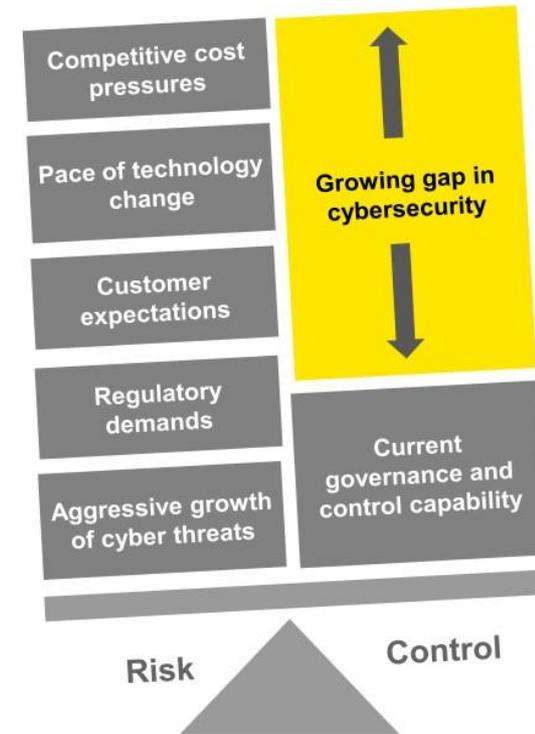
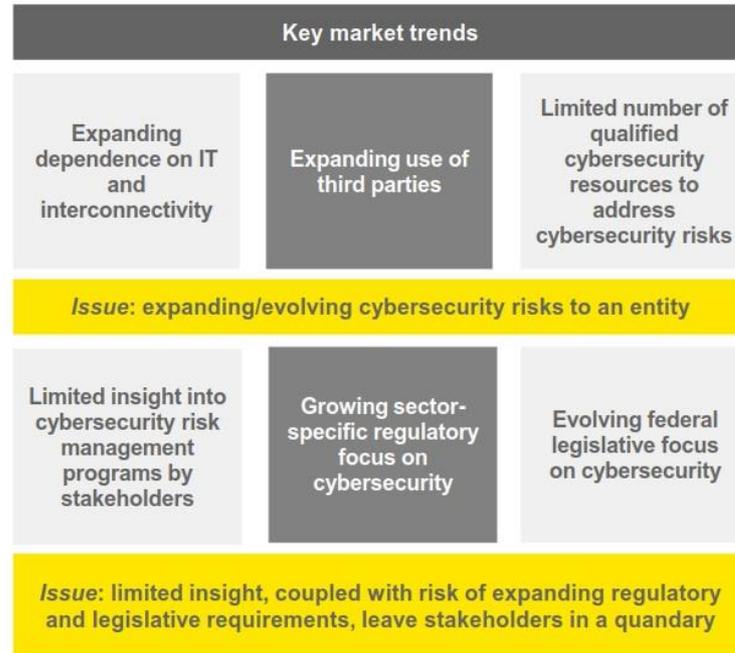
Fundamental questions to answer:

- ▶ What sensitive data do you hold?
- ▶ What is your highest risk sensitive data considering personally identifiable data, customer data and intellectual property?
- ▶ Where does your sensitive data reside, both internally and with third parties?
- ▶ Where is your data going?

States with data privacy laws:



Cybersecurity trends and its impact



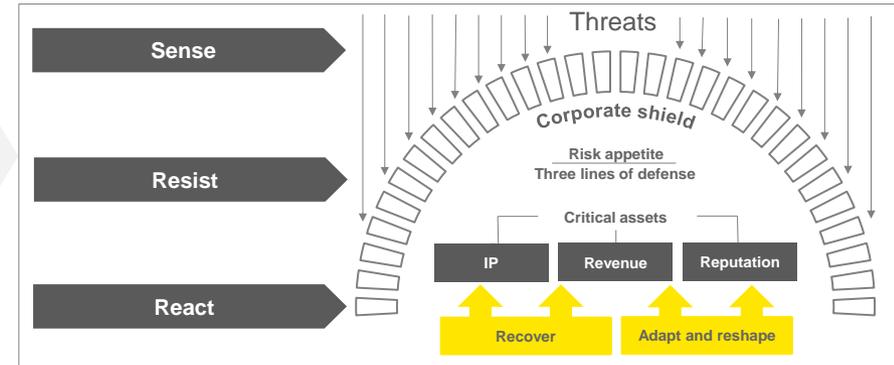
What can you do?



EY Global Information Security Survey focuses on improving cyber resilience of organizations through a three-stage framework ...

Government organizations are making progress in improving the way they respond to today's cyber threats and attacks, but there is a need for considerable improvement in the way they sharpen their **senses**, upgrade **resistance** to attacks and **react** better to post-attack situations.

Cyber resilience framework



Sense is the ability of organizations to predict and detect cyber threats. Government organizations need to use cyber threat intelligence and active defense to predict what threats or attacks are heading in their direction and detect them when they do, before the attack is successful.

Key findings (GPS)
"sense"

59%

of respondents mentioned that their organization does not have a security operation center (SOC).

64%

would not increase their cybersecurity spending after experiencing a breach which did not appear to do any harm.

71%

do not have, or only have an informal, threat intelligence program.

53%

doubt that they are going to be able to continue to identify suspicious traffic over their networks.

... that helps them to work toward improving their cybersecurity capabilities

Resist mechanisms are basically the corporate shield. It starts with how much risk an organization is prepared to take across its ecosystem.

Key findings (GPS)
"resist"

88%

of respondents do not think that their information security function is meeting the needs of the organization.

95%

of organizations do not evaluate the financial impact of every significant breach.

43%

of responders this year are saying their budgets increased over the last 12 months.

76%

of respondents mention that lack of skilled resources is one of the key challenges for smooth operation of information security operations.

React: if sense fails and there is a breakdown in resist, organizations need to be ready to deal with disruption, ready with incident response capabilities and ready to manage the crisis.

Key findings (GPS)
"react"

70%

of respondents rated business continuity management as their joint top priority, alongside data leakage/data loss prevention.

35%

say they would issue public statement to the media within the first week while investigations continue.

49%

do not have an agreed communications strategy or plan in place in the event of a significant attack.

6%

of responders have recently made a significant change to their organization's strategy and plans.

Establish an open, stable and secure cyberspace with focus on three key agendas



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